

# The SEND Thresholds Document



## The current situation

- We have been part of a pilot within Gateshead
- We have transition to SEND Thresholds from Jan 2024

 Opinions and feedback have been sought from educational settings and services (including HINT, EPS, CYPS), health, parents/carers, Governors

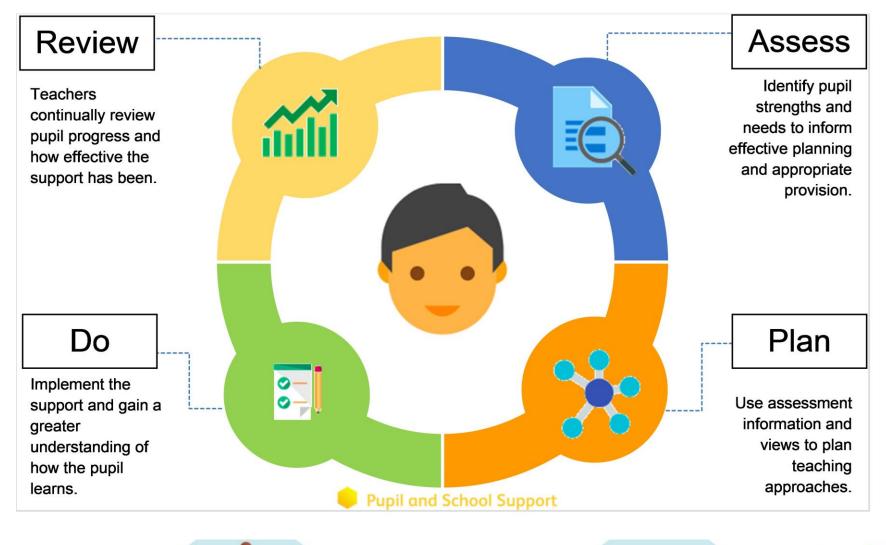


The SEND Thresholds are mandatory for all schools and settings in Gateshead including academies and special schools from September 2024.

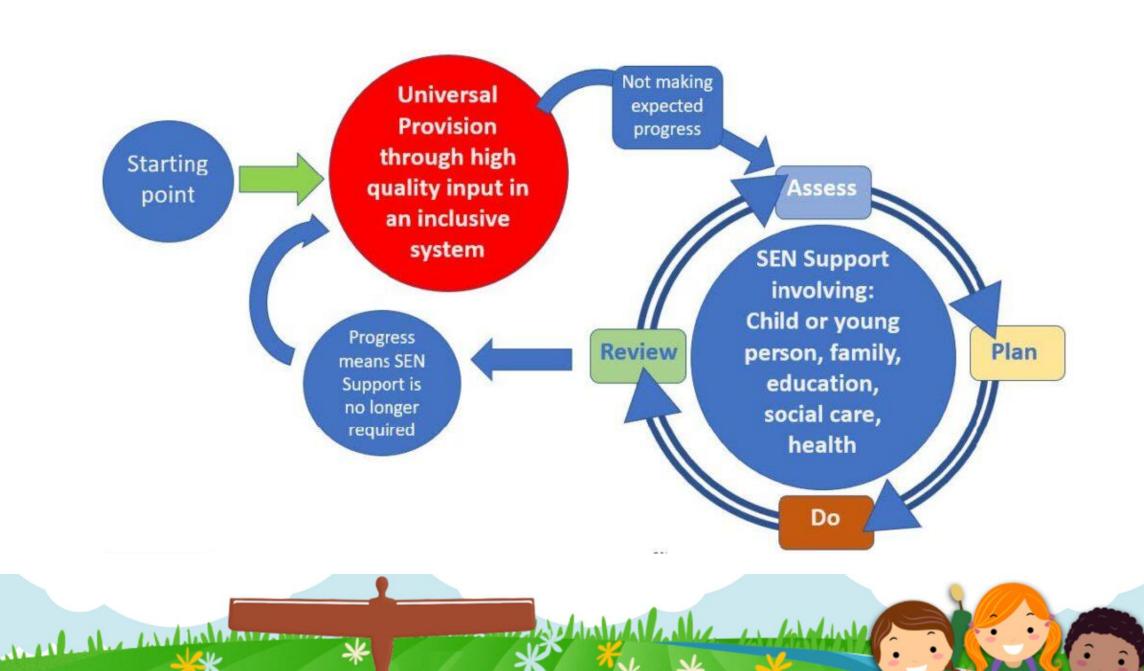
The SEND Threshold descriptors are based on national best practice in determining and describing the needs of the child or young person with SEND.

They are based on the four areas of the SEND Code of Practice (2014/15) and on the 'golden thread' of the graduated response – of assess, plan, do and review.









### How will they improve SEND provision:

Provide us with a common language for all professionals, parents/carers to support children with SEND.

Improve consistency in terms of judgements and responses to children's needs.

Improve and simplify transitions between settings and phases due to the common language and improved consistency.



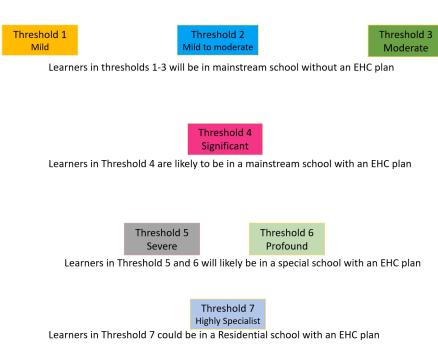


#### How will they work?

Essentially, the Thresholds are a breakdown of the levels of need a child may experience.

They progress from 1 to 7 - the higher the Threshold, the higher the level of need and also the level of intervention required. The higher the Threshold, the greater the involvement in outside agencies.

Children can move up and down the thresholds at the termly review points each year.



Threshold 2 Mild to moderate Threshold 3
Moderate

Learners in thresholds 1-3 will be in mainstream school without an EHC plan

Threshold 4
Significant

Learners in Threshold 4 are likely to be in a mainstream school with an EHC plan

Threshold 5
Severe

Threshold 6
Profound

Learners in Threshold 5 and 6 will likely be in a special school with an EHC plan

Threshold 7
Highly Specialist

Learners in Threshold 7 could be in a Residential school with an EHC plan

#### In a mainstream school:

These children will likely be on a schools SEND monitoring list but not on the SEND register. Lower ability children.

Threshold 1
Mild

These individuals, will have a
SEND support plan in place to
identify their needs and
provision. Outside agencies
may become involved.

Threshold 2
Mild to moderate

These individuals, will have a
SEND support plan in place to
identify their needs and
provision. Outside agencies
Moderate

Learners in thresholds 1-3 will be in mainstream school without an EHC plan

Threshold 4
Significant

Learners in Threshold 4 are likely to be in a mainstream school with an EHC plan

These young people have 'higher needs' SEND and receive 'top up' funding from Gateshead Council. Will usually have a variety of external professionals' input.

It will be split into the 4 main areas of need.

## Communication and Interaction Needs

Speech language and Communication Needs (SLCN/ SpLC) Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

## Social, Emotional and/or Mental health Needs

Mental Health Issues

Depression

**Eating disorders** 

**Anxiety Disorders** 

Disorders such as ADHD, ADD. ODD or Attachment Disorder.

## Cognition and Learning Difficulties

Specific Learning difficulties (SPLD) - e.g.Dyslexia, Dyscalculia, Dyspraxia

Moderate learning difficulties (MLD)

Severe learning difficulties (SLD)

Profound and Multiple learning difficulties (PMLD)

## Sensory and/or Physical Needs

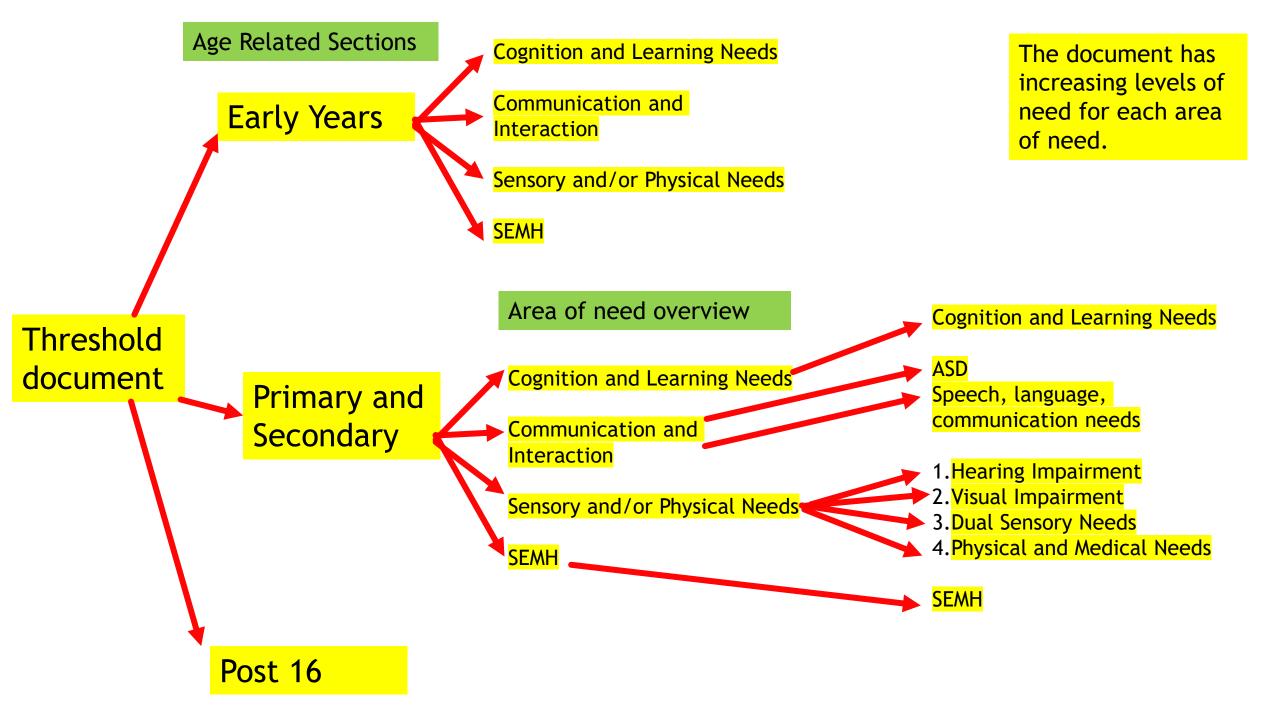
Vision impaired

Multi sensory impairment

Hearing impairment

Physical disabilities

They will be split into appropriate phases of education.



#### Each page of the Threshold document will detail:

#### The Area of Need

#### The Threshold level

#### Threshold 1 - Cognition and Learning Teaching and Curriculum/ CYP Presentation Assessment and Planning Resources and Staffing Learning Strategies Intervention · Mainstream class with Mild difficulties in aspects of School Quality First Main provision by class/subject teacher. flexible grouping literacy, numeracy or motor Teaching. Part of typical school and class assessments. · Mainstream class with enhanced differentiatio. co-ordination despite regular arrangements. Typical curriculum plans include Quality First Simplify level/ attendance, appropriate · Regular targeted small group support, where pace/amount of Teaching (QFT) strategies. Consider Kagan staffing allows. intervention, and quality teacher talk. structures. · Parents and children involved in monitoring teaching, implemented over . Time limited programmes of small group work and supporting their targets. Emphasis on time and reviewed regularly. Opportunities for based on identified need. Assessment small group work identifying and May have difficulties with based on identified Opportunities for 1:1 /small group support teaching gaps In addition to typical classroom some or all the following: focused on specific targets, with outcomes need e.g., listening/ assessment. assessments, the teacher will also thinking. closely monitored. · Below expected rate of discuss next steps with the SENDCO, As Opportunities attainment. appropriate, schools may choose to use · CYP should be in mainstream classes and should Mainstream class with for skill screening tools, such as GL Assessment not routinely be withdrawn and taught by a TA. · Below age-related and flexible grouping reinforcement/ online screeners, Lucid, etc. national expectations. arrangements revision/ All school staff should have access to regular, For concerns regarding motor skills use a transfer and Opportunities for targeted Continuing Professional Developmen. · Difficulty with the motor skill check list and/or speak to the generalisation. acquisition/use of small group work The child is likely to be part of unnamed school nursing team/OT. language, literacy, based on identified · Formal teaching consultations or consultations about groups of Planning numeracy skill, need e.g., reading, of vocabulary children with their link EP. Typical curriculum plans to include QFT maths, motor skills. and concepts. · Difficulty with the usual . Full inclusion within the curriculum through use of strategies and adjustments to activities to pace of curriculum delivery. Opportunities for differentiation and group support. remove any barriers which difficulties may generic type one-· Some problems with present. Activities planned through QFT with emphasis on. to-one programmes concept development. Timetable any one-to-one /small group concrete, experiential and visual supports. aimed at addressing intervention into weekly routine as · Evidence of some gaps-any Multi-sensory learning opportunities. appropriate (the number of sessions would difficulties in aspects of intervention should be dependent on the intervention). · Strategies employed to encourage cognitive literacy, numeracy and/or have clear entry and motor co-ordination. engagement, transferring and generalising Monitor effectiveness of interventions exit criteria. learning e.g., Thinking Skills and problem ensuring clear entry and exit points and · Attainment levels are solving. detailed provision map. likely to be a year or more Parents and children involved in monitoring Links established between new and prior delayed. and supporting their targets. learning with support from review and overlearning techniques.

Provision that the setting can put in place

#### How a child or young person presents

## How staff will use the Threshold document...

- Read the Threshold Descriptors Overview
- Use the Presenting Behaviour descriptor for that threshold

This will allow staff to identify how the child's/young person's individual profile affects their access to the curriculum and setting.

#### It is important to note:

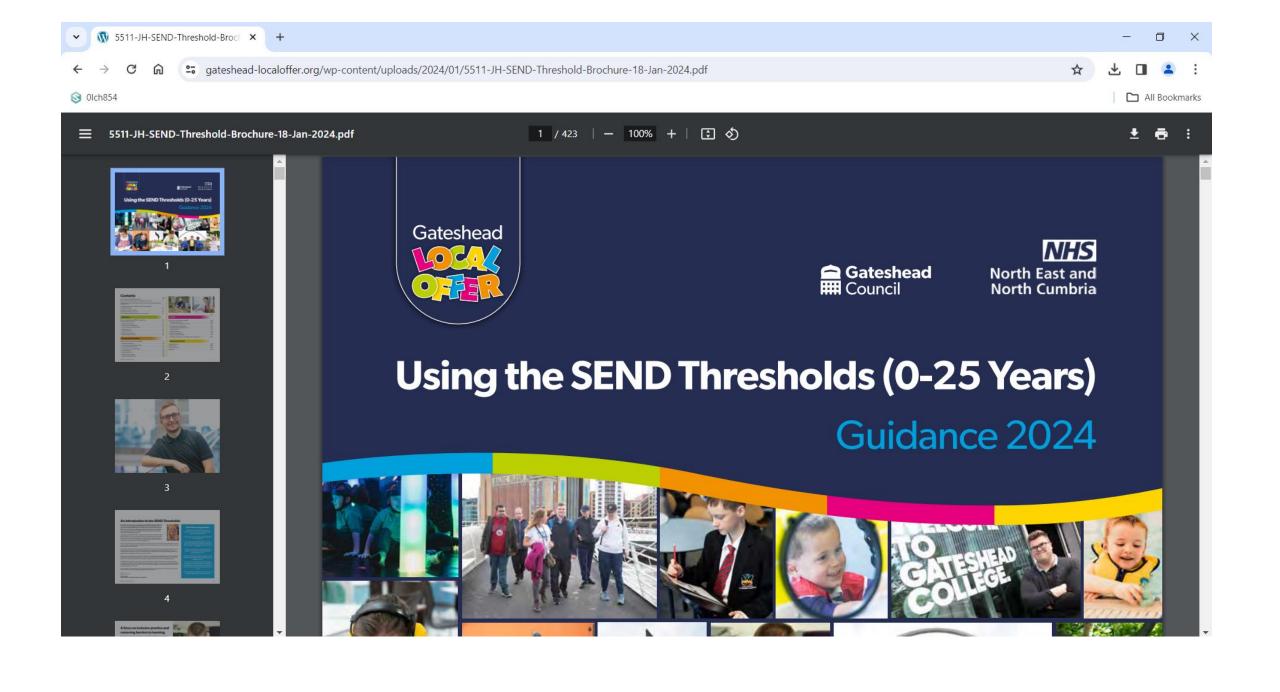
- ► A child can be in a different Threshold for each area of need, or even straddle a Threshold.
- ► The Threshold will help staff to identify what support could support that child.

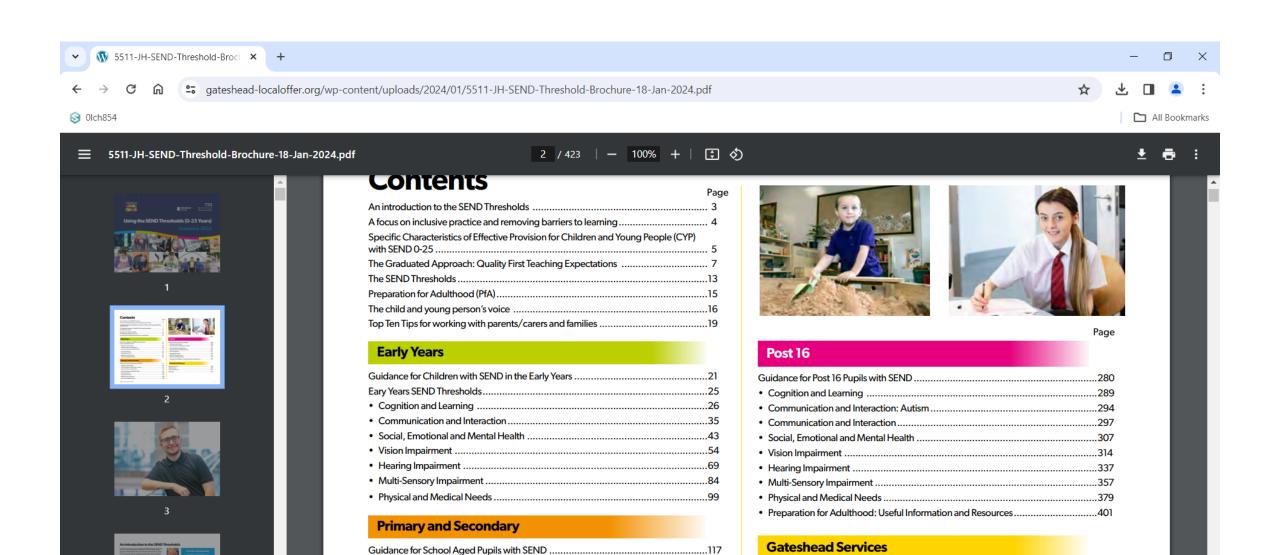


## PfA...in the Threshold document

Four areas

Social, Emotional and Mental Health: PfA Outcomes and Provision				Primary and Secondary
PfA Outcomes and Provision				
Year Group	Employability/Education	Independence	Community Participation	Health
Reception to Y2 (5-7 years)	Child is able to interact with peers and begin to form friendships to support emotional wellbeing.	Child is able to show awareness of independent living skills (cooking, cleaning, DIY) and will extend and develop these through real world play  Child is able to access the dining hall alongside peers, following social routines in relation to seating and turn taking, and will be able to make appropriate choices in relation to meals.	Child is able to interact with peers and begin to form friendships with peers to support emotional wellbeing. Child is able to maintain positive emotional wellbeing through participation in team games, afterschool clubs and weekend activities. Child is able to begin to identify bullying in relationships and will be able to seek adult support.	Child is able to attend necessary dental, medical and optical checks following parental direction and supervision.  Child is able to cooperate with self-care and personal hygiene routines with prompting and adult support as required.  Child has the support and strategies required to promote resilience and emotional wellbeing.
	Child is able to interact with peers, making and maintaining friendships with others to support emotional wellbeing.  Child is aware of structures in place to support social and emotional wellbeing and will access these as required.  Child is able to show awareness of different feelings and emotions and with support will dentify and apply appropriate strategies to	Child is able to maintain friendships with peers and access community-based clubs/after school clubs to promote independence and emotional wellbeing.  Child has the social skills necessary to facilitate participation in sleepovers and residential trips.	Child is able to maintain friendships with peers to support emotional wellbeing and avoid isolation.  Child is able to begin to identify bullying within relationships and will be able to identify support and strategies to manage this.  Child is able to manage social and emotional responses to change.	Child is able to understand physical changes associated with the onset of puberty and will manage these appropriately, with support as equired, maintaining social and tional wellbeing.  ort, child is able to access stra
ese are set out after each		hild is able to manage heir feelings and emotions,	Child is aware of strategies and precautions to remain safe online.	This can link to
area of need for		,	-	curriculum area
0-4 years, R-Y2, Y3-Y6				PSHE





Education Services .....

Heath Services.....

Social Care Services .......413

Acronyms .......415

Multi-Sensory Impairment ..